

암환자의 식이요법

박 민 선

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- Basic nutrition principle
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- vitamin/mineral supplements
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Basic nutrition concepts

- Maintain body wt. and nutrient store
 - Better tolerate treatment-related side effects and recover from therapy more quickly
 - Maintenance of lean tissue mass during treatment & recovery
- Protein
 - Protein needs?
 - Repair and to rebuild tissues
 - Maintain a healthy immune system
 - As a fuel substance

- Basic nutrition principle
-
- vitamin/mineral supplements
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Aflatoxin()	()	
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N-3	Heterocyclic amines	
Carotenoids	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	
Vitamin B2, B6, folate, B12, C, D, E, Ca, Zn, Se	Nitrosamines	
Non-nutrient plant constituents(allium compounds, flavonoid, isoflavones, lignans)		

WHO technical report series 916, (2003) *식이, 영양 및 암성질환 예방*

Physical fitness and activity and mortality

Table 3 Hazard ratios for all-cause, cardiovascular and cancer mortality according to level of physical fitness and regularity of physical activity

	Physical activity						
	Regular case/person-years		ID	No regular case/person-years		ID	aHR (95% CI)
All cause mortality	1st tertile	8116.735	484.02	1.00	24026.123	853.39	1.00
	2nd tertile	5814.252	400.96	0.71 (0.49-1.02)	5020.698	242.62	0.49 (0.37-0.65)
	3rd tertile	3514.482	241.68	0.77 (0.62-1.19)	4322.207	196.22	0.49 (0.36-0.67)
				p for trend=0.148			p for trend<0.001
Cardiovascular mortality	1st tertile	1316.735	77.68	1.00	5326.123	186.46	1.00
	2nd tertile	8114.252	56.13	0.62 (0.22-1.73)	1420.698	67.93	0.41 (0.21-0.79)
	3rd tertile	514.482	34.53	1.01 (0.52-2.95)	822.207	36.31	0.46 (0.22-0.95)
				p for trend=0.625			p for trend<0.007
Cancer mortality	1st tertile	4416.735	262.92	1.00	10726.123	380.47	1.00
	2nd tertile	2614.252	182.43	0.49 (0.27-0.85)	492.698	237.77	0.57 (0.39-0.85)
	3rd tertile	1914.482	131.20	0.71 (0.41-1.24)	1722.207	77.18	0.42 (0.26-0.68)
				p for trend=0.036			p for trend<0.001

Adjusting for age, study year, total cholesterol, body mass index, smoking status (never, former, current), regular drinking (drinking alcoholic beverages at least once a week) and diagnosis of hypertension or diabetes

Regular physical activity (PA) means engaging in light, moderate to vigorous activities for at least 30 min more than three times a week.¹

VO₂ max was categorized as low (VO₂ max <23 mL/kg/min), moderate (24 mL/kg/min <VO₂ max <29 mL/kg/min) and high (VO₂ max >30 mL/kg/min) in the regular PA group and low (VO₂ max <22 mL/kg/min), moderate (23 mL/kg/min <VO₂ max <28 mL/kg/min) and high (VO₂ max >29 mL/kg/min) in the no regular PA group.

ID, incidence density (per 100,000 person-years); aHR, adjusted hazard ratio; CI, confidence interval.

(Park et al, JKMS, 2009;103:1598-)

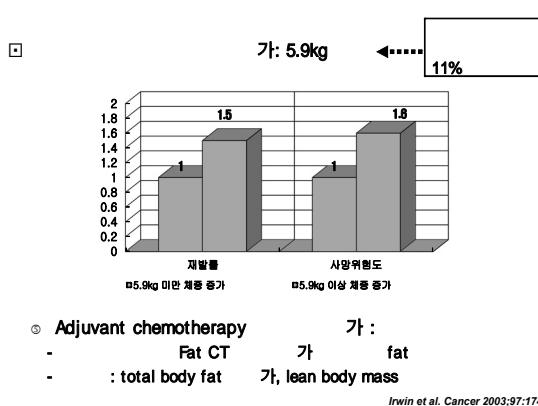
체력 (Fitness) 의 결정 인자

Variable	42-48 yrs			54-60 yrs		
	Standardized	In Original Units	p Value	Standardized	In Original Units	p Value
Weight (kg)	0.563	30.926	<0.001	0.395	21.282	<0.001
Heart rate at maximal exercise (beats/min)	0.430	14.917	<0.001	0.540	12.786	<0.001
Heart rate at rest (beats/min)	-0.243	-14.234	<0.001	-0.179	-9.466	<0.001
Intensity of conditioning physical activity (METS) [†]	0.204	73.433	<0.001	0.129	44.745	<0.001
Intake of carbohydrates (g/day)	0.167	1.343	<0.001	0.102	0.905	0.001
Fasting serum insulin (mU/L)	-0.130	-12.597	<0.001	-0.085	-7.083	0.019
CHD (yes vs no)	-0.092	-178.380	0.005	-0.085	-108.839	0.014
Duration of conditioning physical activity (h/wk)	0.087	28.499	0.004	*	*	*
Waist-to-hip ratio	-0.083	-884.061	0.020	-0.121	-1274.426	0.002
FEV ₁	*	*	*	0.989	80.495	0.005
Asthma (yes vs no)	-0.062	-248.250	0.037	-0.101	-281.878	0.001
Blood hemoglobin (g/dL)	*	*	*	0.099	6.072	0.002
Cardiomyopathy (yes vs no) [‡]	*	*	*	-0.065	-302.345	0.036

(AJC, 2009;103:1598-)

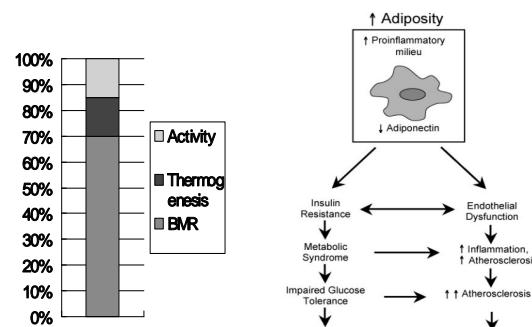
(Park et al, JKMS, 2009;103:1598-)

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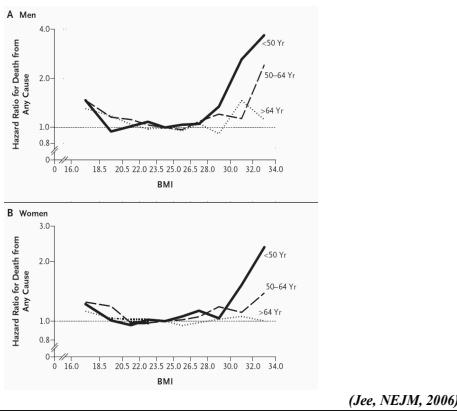


Adiposity ↑

Energy intake expenditure imbalance



BMI and mortality in Korean men and women



적정 체중 (Kg)

신장 (cm)	정상 (BMI=21 kg/m ²)	고체중 (BMI=23 kg/m ²)	비만 (BMI=25 kg/m ²)	고도비만 (BMI=30 kg/m ²)
150	47	52	56	67
155	50	55	60	72
160	54	59	64	77
165	57	63	68	82
170	61	66	72	87
175	64	70	77	92
180	68	75	81	97
185	72	79	86	103

식사횟수와 복부비만과의 관계							
	Total (n=4434) OR (95%CI)		P-value	20-45 years (n=2203) OR (95%CI)		P-value	
Eating Frequency	3 1-2	1 1.09 (0.95-1.25) 1.34 (1.06-1.70)	0.046	1 1.08 (0.87-1.35) 1.09 (0.77-1.55)	0.768	◆ 1 1.14 (0.95-1.37) 1.64 (1.16-2.31)	0.017
Snack Frequency	1 0	1 1.02 (1.85-1.22) 1.10 (0.91-1.31)	0.499	1 0.94 (0.73-1.22) 0.99 (0.74-1.31)	0.878	◆ 1 1.03 (0.80-1.34) 1.16 (0.90-1.50)	0.371
Regular Meal	3 2 1	1 1.16 (0.98-1.37) 1.81 (1.17-2.79)	0.011	1 1.13 (0.68-1.22) 2.00 (1.27-4.24)	0.037	◆ 1 1.20 (0.94-1.54) 1.90 (0.84-4.32)	0.130

after adjusting for age, sex, physical activity, total calorie intake, smoking and alcohol consumption

Appropriate protein intake

- ▣ **Breast cancer (Holmes MD, 1999) Survival advantage of diet factors**
 - Cohort, N=1982, 18yr, NHS, FFQ
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 - No association with fat or red meat
 - Inverse association with increasing intake of protein and poultry
 - Lowest (<= 0.1 serving/d) vs. highest (>=0.4 serving /d)
□ without metastasis, 35% lower risk for protein intake, 30% lower risk for poultry intake
 - With metastasis, weaker association
 - Protein from poultry and dairy, fish

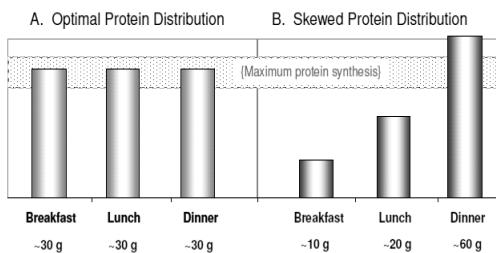
Holmes MD et al. Cancer 1;86(5):826-35.



동물성 vs 식물성 단백

동물성			
식품명	생물가	식품명	생물가
달걀	96	포고버섯	81
우유	88	대두	77
고등어	84	보리	74
대구	83	쌀	73
오징어	83	감자	67
쇠고기	79	땅콩	57
닭고기	79	옥수수	54
돼지고기	75	밀가루	53
세우	75	열무	53
멸치	74	팥	46
치즈	73	참깨	36

Recommendation for meal distribution in protein intake



Layman DK, Nutrition & Metabolism 2009;1186:1743-

fruits and vegetables

▣ Lung cancer : 5 servings per day of fruits and vegetables
□ One food diet
▣ Breast cancer mortality (Holmes MD, 1999)
□ Cohort, N=1982, 18yr, NHS, FFQ 가
□ Vegetable intake : >= 4.2 serving /d vs. <=2.1 servings /d
□ Decreasing mortality, without metastasis

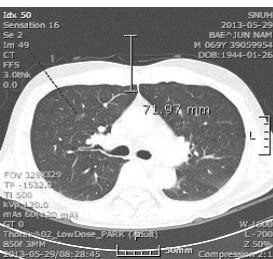
목 차

▣ Basic nutrition principle
▣ 암환자를 위한 식사 패턴
▣ 암환자를 위한 vitamin/mineral supplements
▣ 암환자 영양치료의 실제

Cancer mortality according to no vitamin use (referent); multivitamin use; vitamin A, C, or E use; or use of multivitamins and vitamin A, C, or E, by presence of cancer at enrollment, Cancer Prevention Study II,
1982-1989

No vitamin (referent) (no. of deaths)	Multivitamin			Vitamin A, C, or E			Multivitamin and vitamin A, C, or E					
	No. of deaths	Age- adjusted RR†	Multivariate RR‡	95% CI†	No. of deaths	Age- adjusted RR†	Multivariate RR‡	95% CI†	No. of deaths	Age- adjusted RR†	Multivariate RR‡	95% CI†
All cancers												
Men												
No history of cancer	6,727	1,860	1.05	1.07***	1,031	1,15	1,451	0.94*	1,01	0.95	1,07	1,568
History of cancer	1,994	777	1.25**	1.24***	1,14	1,35	501	0.96	1,03	0.93	1,13	651
Women												
No history of cancer	4,892	1,641	1.01	1.04	988	1,10	1,204	0.92**	986	0.90	1,02	1,511
History of cancer	2,466	978	1.01	1.03	986	1,11	693	0.92	986	0.90	1,06	1,100

Am J Epidemiol 2000;152:149–62.



Inflammation and lung cancer

Table 3. HRs and 95% CI for site-specific cancer mortality by hs-CRP category

		All		Exclusion of those who died within 2 years after check-up									
Site-specific cancer	N	Number of deceased 1,000 persons/year		Age-adjusted ^a		Multi-variate-adjusted ^b		Number of deceased 1,000 persons/year		Age-adjusted ^a		Multi-variate-adjusted ^b	
		BMI (kg/m ²)	P _{result}	HR (95% CI)	P _{result}	BMI (kg/m ²)	P _{result}	HR (95% CI)	P _{result}	BMI (kg/m ²)	P _{result}	HR (95% CI)	P _{result}
Stomach cancer													
Colorectal cancer													
Lung cancer													
Liver cancer													
Prostate cancer													
Ovarian cancer													
Esophageal cancer													

Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 24(11) November 2013

Inflammation and lung cancer

Table 4. Cox-regression analysis of hs-CRP on all-cause and cancer mortality according to smoking and obesity status

	All-cause mortality				Cancer mortality			
	No. of death/1,000 person-year	Multivariate-adjusted ^a HR [95% CI]	P for interaction	No. of death/1,000 person-year	Multivariate-adjusted ^a HR [95% CI]	P for interaction		
Smoking status								
Nonsmoker	He-GRP < 1 mg/L 1 mg/L ≤ He-GRP < 3 mg/L He-GRP ≥ 3 mg/L	40.61(26.02, 62.89) 0.88(0.65, 1.19) 58.17(33.97, 71.34) 13.1(9.83, 17.6)	0.179	117(26.02, 92.02) 1.02 277(33.86, 71.15) 1.02(16.22, 23.79)	117(26.02, 92.02) 1.02(0.84, 1.58) 278(30.70, 80.41) 1.02(16.73, 21.10)	0.179		
Former smoker	He-GRP < 1 mg/L 1 mg/L ≤ He-GRP < 3 mg/L He-GRP ≥ 3 mg/L	154.70(89.08, 3.97) 1.07(0.76, 1.52) 57.02(33.78, 64.48) 1.52(11.17, 2.07)	0.012	209(33.76, 27.63) 1.10(0.67, 1.82) 367(92.83, 80.33) 1.34(33.54, 34.47)	209(33.76, 27.63) 1.10(0.67, 1.82) 367(92.83, 80.33) 1.34(33.54, 34.47)	0.012		
Current smoker	He-GRP < 1 mg/L 1 mg/L ≤ He-GRP < 3 mg/L He-GRP ≥ 3 mg/L	209(33.76, 27.63) 1.10(0.67, 1.82) 57.02(33.78, 64.48) 1.52(11.17, 2.07)	0.001	30(15.84, 25.49) 1.05(0.70, 1.52) 166(13.20, 21.11)	30(15.84, 25.49) 1.05(0.70, 1.52) 166(13.20, 21.11)	0.001	10(0.70, 1.52) 1.05(0.70, 1.52) 40(1.07, 2.01)	0.089 0.574
Obesity status								
BMF < 25 kg/m ²	He-GRP < 1 mg/L 1 mg/L ≤ He-GRP < 3 mg/L He-GRP ≥ 3 mg/L	449(25.02, 67.86) 1.08(0.88, 1.36) 136(20.15, 50.56)	0.001	214(25.04, 67.86) 1.05(0.81, 1.44) 71(20.15, 50.52)	214(25.04, 67.86) 1.05(0.81, 1.44) 71(20.15, 50.52)	0.001		
BMF ≥ 25 kg/m ²	He-GRP < 1 mg/L 1 mg/L ≤ He-GRP < 3 mg/L He-GRP ≥ 3 mg/L	256(72.93, 49.25) 1.04(0.74, 1.35) 6019(15.84, 25.49)	0.001	108(72.93, 54.18) 31(15.81, 24.15) 71(19.71, 27.71)	108(72.93, 54.18) 31(15.81, 24.15) 71(19.71, 27.71)	0.001		

^aAdjusted for age, diabetes (yes or no), hypertension (yes or no), regular drinker (yes or no), smoker (never, former, current), BMI, regular exerciser (yes or no), monthly income, total

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Inflammation and lung cancer

Table 5. Cox-regression analysis of inflammation-based prognostic scores on all-cause and cancer mortality

N	All-cause mortality			Cancer mortality		
	No. of death/1,000 person-year	Multivariate-adjusted ^a HR (95% CI)	P value	No. of death/1,000 person-year	Multivariate-adjusted ^a HR (95% CI)	P value
Men						
NLR ^b	15,975 1 60	30/115,206 (0.26%) 4,801/77,496	2.81 (1.04, 7.54)	0.040	137/119,508 (0.05) 1,807/117 (1.24)	1 14.6 (2.0, 10.62)
PLR ^b	12,446 1 91	24/411,177 (0.05) 2,908/27,471	2.04 (1.08, 4.44) 1.44 (0.35, 5.80)	0.495	105/119,177 (0.08) 120/119,271 (1.23)	1 1.53 (0.21, 11.00)
PNI ^b	15,886 1 179	285/15,509 (0.19) 201,567/10,127 (0.25)	1.86 (0.34, 10.79)	<0.001	120/15,190 (0.08) 91,567/10,674 (0.84)	1 6.86 (3.49, 13.56)
Women						
NLR ^b	17,401 1 60	74/216,731 (0.03) 7,932/83,847	4.53 (1.47, 6.69, 3.10)	0.312	49/163,731 (0.03) 32/216,588 (0.02)	5.22 (2.21) 1.91 (0.71, 5.15)
PLR ^b	15,820 1 621	67/23,637/49,588 (0.49) 73,419/56,305 (0.63)	0.96 (0.75, 1.23)	0.345	34/145,598 (0.03) 34/145,598 (0.24)	0.21 (0.07, 1.37)
PNI ^b	2 50 0 17365	48/26,632 (0.18) 71,416/49,426 (0.36)	0.89 (0.28, 2.80)	0.748	34/163,643 (0.02) 349/163,492 (2.13)	1 1.23 (0.30, 4.96)
	1 126	35/106,570 (0.03) 40,784/35,140 (0.11)	3.50 (4.48, 4.96)	<0.001	105,067/45,171 (0.23) 105,067/45,171 (0.23)	3.96 (2.47, 6.36)

*Adjusted for age, diabetes (yes or no), hypertension (yes or no), regular drinker (yes or no), smoker (never, former, current), BMI, regular exerciser (yes or no), monthly income, total cholesterol, and HDL cholesterol.

^bCalculated as neutrophil count/lymphocyte count, scored as 1 (≤ 5) or 1 (≥ 5).

^cCalculated as platelet count/lymphocyte count, scored as 0 (<150), 1 (150–300), or 2 (>300).

^aCalculated as platelet count/lymphocyte count, scored as 0 (<150), 1 (150–300), or 2 (>300).
^bCalculated as "Albumin (g/L) + 5'total lymphocyte count"×10⁹/L," scored as 0 (≥45) or 1 (<45).

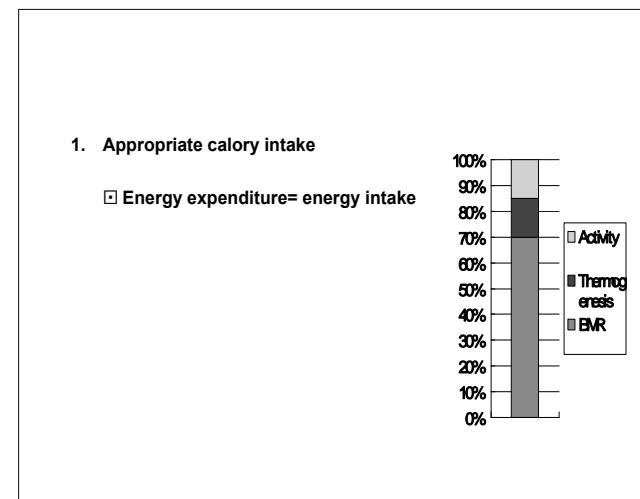
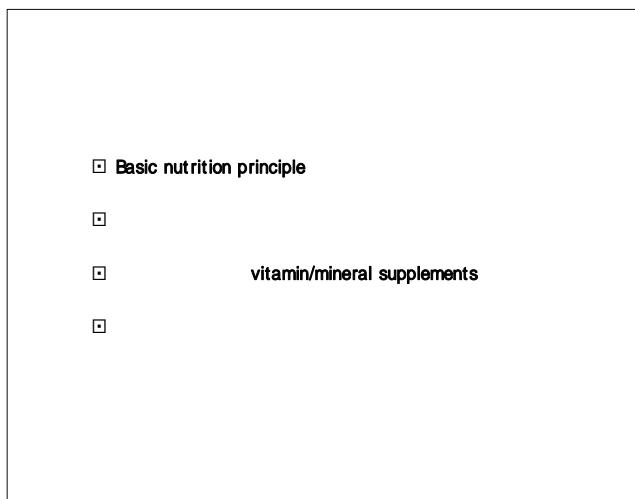
Calculated as: Albumin (g/L) + 5 total lymphocyte count (%); scored as 0 (≥ 40) or 1 (< 40).

Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev; 21(11) November 2012

Organ	(%)
Liver	27%
Brain	19%
Heart	7%
Kidney	10%
Muscle	18%
Others	19

Baseline Characteristics					
	Overall		MCV quartile		P
	53.1~89.5	89.6~92.2	92.3~94.8	94.9~125.9	
Number of subjects	3849	9359	9735	9455	9905
Sex(female)	19276(50.1)	5983(63.9)	5111(52.5)	4513(47.7)	3669(37.0) <0.001
Age(years)	53.2(8.3)	51.8(7.6)	52.9(8.1)	53.4(8.3)	54.6(8.7) <0.001
Body mass index(kg/m²)	24.1(2.9)	24.2(2.9)	24.2(2.9)	24.1(2.8)	23.8(2.9) <0.001
Hypertension(yes)	15644(40.1)	4030(43.1)	4019(41.3)	3722(39.4)	3873(39.1) <0.001
Diabetes mellitus(yes)	4100(10.7)	1159(12.4)	1005(10.4)	915(9.7)	1021(10.3) <0.001
Anemia(yes)	2194(5.7)	1165(12.5)	350(3.6)	329(3.5)	350(3.5) <0.001
HIV carrier(yes)	1793(4.7)	372(4.0)	381(3.9)	456(4.8)	584(5.9) <0.001
Cholesterol					
Total cholesterol (mg/dL)	204.8(36.8)	205.5(38.5)	206.5(36.6)	205.1(36.1)	201.7(25.7) <0.001
Triglyceride (mg/dL)	119.6(42.5-336.6)	122.3(42.4-353)	121.4(43.4-339.4)	117.9(42.7-326.1)	116.8(41.6-328.2) <0.001
HDL-cholesterol (mg/dL)	52.8(13.5)	51.2(12.9)	52.1(13)	53.3(13.5)	54.5(14.2) <0.001
GFR(mL/min/1.73m ²)	84.7(13.8)	87.2(13.9)	85.2(13.5)	83.9(13.6)	82.5(13.7) <0.001
Regular drinking(yes)	15678(44.2)	2725(31.2)	3536(39.2)	4033(46.1)	5384(60.0) <0.001
Regular exercise(yes)	13703(38.3)	3020(34.2)	3425(37.7)	3544(40.3)	3714(41.1) <0.001
Smoking					
current	8283(23.3)	1048(12.0)	1744(19.3)	2146(24.6)	3345(37.1) <0.001
former	7098(20.0)	1533(17.6)	1783(16.6)	1867(21.4)	1915(21.3)
none	20104(56.7)	6143(70.4)	5500(60.9)	4712(54.0)	3749(41.6)
Monthly income					
400이하	13456(37.8)	3613(41.3)	3482(38.5)	3140(35.8)	3221(35.6) <0.001
400~599	11462(32.2)	2817(32.2)	2966(32.8)	2861(32.6)	2819(31.1)
600이상	10715(30.1)	2327(26.6)	2598(28.7)	2771(31.6)	3019(33.3)

Specific cancer mortality except within 2-year deaths					
Exclusion of those who died w deaths/1000 person-yea		Age & sex adjusted		Multivariate adjusted	Ptrend
Within 2 years after check-up		rs	HR	d HR	Ptrend
Lung cancer					
1st quartile	23/83906	1.43(0.78-2.61)	0.119	1.44(0.77-2.7)	0.445
2nd quartile	20/82252	1.00(ref)		1.00(ref)	
3rd quartile	29/73898	1.42(0.8-2.52)		1.46(0.81-2.6)	
4th quartile	42/68301	1.87(1.09-3.2)		1.54(0.87-2.72)	
Liver cancer					
1st quartile	10/83906	0.76(0.34-1.7)	<0.001	0.66(0.29-1.5)	<0.001
2nd quartile	15/82252	1.00(ref)		1.00(ref)	
3rd quartile	17/73898	1.20(0.6-2.4)		0.94(0.46-1.93)	
4th quartile	56/68301	3.83(2.15-6.82)		2.85(L56-5.21)	
Stomach cancer					
1st quartile	12/83906	1.18(0.53-2.64)	0.267	1.35(0.54-3.37)	0.5
2nd quartile	12/82252	1.00(ref)		1.00(ref)	
3rd quartile	16/73898	1.37(0.65-2.9)		1.50(0.65-3.48)	
4th quartile	20/68301	1.61(0.78-3.33)		1.55(0.68-3.55)	
Colorectal cancer					
1st quartile	11/83906	0.85(0.39-1.85)	0.742	0.79(0.34-1.82)	0.481
2nd quartile	15/82252	1.00(ref)		1.00(ref)	
3rd quartile	11/73898	0.76(0.35-1.66)		0.86(0.38-1.97)	
4th quartile	16/68301	1.06(0.52-2.16)		1.16(0.52-2.59)	



에너지 및 단백질 권장량

(한국인의 영양권장량 기준 개정)

	연령	체중 (kg)	신장 (cm)	에너지 (kcal)	단백질 (gm)	율증량
남자	50-64	68	168	2300	70	신인율증 +500 기여온실 등 -300
	65-74	64	167	2000	65	
	75+	60	166	1800	60	
여자	50-64	57	157	1900	55	신인율증 +200 기여온실 등 ?300
	65-74	54	154	1700	55	
	75+	52	152	1600	55	

Case 1. F/54 Leukemia CR

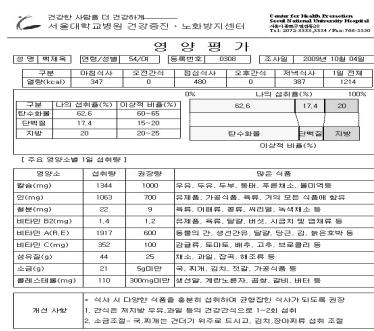
CC> 조금씩 체중이 놓고, 온 몸에 힘이 없다.
식사후 자꾸 잔다.
가끔 식은 땀이 나고, 두통이 생긴다.

PMHx> leukemia CR로 F/U 중
Bwt/Ht> 60kg / 158cm during 6mos

Diet: regular, healthy diet
Exercise: regular
Smoking/Drinking: none

Case 1. F/54 Leukemia CR

Case 1. F/54 Leukemia CR



Case 2. F/51

CC> Loose stool (onset: 6 달 from birth)
stool passage frequency 3-4 time /day
tenesmus
stool caliber ?
gaseous distension
Wt loss; 6kg/6mos (160cm , 49 kg □ 43 kg)

Subjective Fatigue(+)
Life style factors : exercise, stress factors; not changed

O> Colonfiberscopy: WNL

Carbohydrates and Fiber

- 1) Cellulose, hemicellulose, pectin, gum
 - : salivary, pancreatic amylase의 영향을 받지 않아 대장에 도달하여 군에 의해 발효가 됨(beta 1-4 연결)
 - 2) 대두(legumes), 통곡류(whole grains)
 - : 고단백, 식이섬유 식품□ SCFA + газ
 - 3) lignins□ not soluble, fermentable



Case 3. M/72
S/P AGC

CC. dizziness (onset: 1 달전부터)

associated with sweating, nausea

* * +

체택 (Fitness) 의 결정 인자

Variable	42-48 yrs			54-60 yrs		
	Standardized	In Original Units	p Value	Standardized	In Original Units	p Value
Weight (kg)	0.563	30.926	<0.001	0.395	21.282	<0.001
Heart rate at maximal exercise (beats/min)	0.430	14.917	<0.001	0.540	12.786	<0.001
Heart rate at rest (beats/min)	-0.243	-14.234	<0.001	-0.179	-9.466	<0.001
Intensity of conditioning physical activity (METS) [†]	0.204	73.433	<0.001	0.129	44.745	<0.001
Intake of carbohydrates (g/day)	0.167	1.343	<0.001	0.102	0.905	0.001
Fasting serum insulin (mU/L)	-0.130	-12.597	<0.001	-0.085	-7.083	0.019
CHD (yes vs no)	-0.092	-178.380	0.005	-0.085	-108.839	0.014
Duration of conditioning physical activity (h/wk)	0.087	28.499	0.004	*	*	*
Waist-to-hip ratio	-0.083	-884.061	0.020	-0.121	-1,274.426	0.002
FEV ₁	*	*	*	0.989	80.495	0.005
Asthma (yes vs no)	-0.062	-248.250	0.037	-0.101	-281.878	0.001
Blood hemoglobin (g/dL)	*	*	*	0.099	6.072	0.002
Cardiomyopathy (yes vs no) [‡]	*	*	*	-0.065	-302.345	0.036

Gastric emptying time (GET)

위에서 소장으로의 이행시간: 액체 1-2시간, 고체 2-3시간
 탄수화물 < 단백질 < 지방 < 섬유질 음식의 순
 액체, 작은 입자, low calorie meal 이 더 빨리 이동

Acute alcohol Intake : delayed GET
 Chronic alcohol Intake : fasten GET

식품군	총 교환 단위수	여 칠	점 심	저 네
곡류군	8	2 70g x 2교환=140g 잡곡밥 2/3공기 (140g)	3 70g x 3교환=210g 조밥 1공기 (210g)	3 70g x 3교환=210g 죽미밥 1공기 (210g)
어류류군	5	1 연두부 1교환 (150g)	2 스테이크볶음 (쇠고기 1교환, 40g) 오징어초무침 (오징어 1교환, 50g)	2 돈육고추갈비 (돼지고기 1교환, 40g) 동태전 (동태살 1교환, 50g)
채소군	7	2 콩나물국 1교환 (70g) 미역줄기볶음 0.5교환 (35g) 나박김치 0.5교환 (35g)	3 들깨행이버섯탕/스테이크 볶음/ 오징어초무침에 포함된 채소 1교환 다진마늘쫑 1교환 청경채나물 1교환 (70g)	2 근대만탕국 (근대 1교환, 70g) 마늘쫑볶음 (마늘쫑 1교환, 40g)
지방군	4	1 식용유 1작은스푼 (5g) 미역줄기볶음 식사시간 사이 간식으로 드세요	1.5 들깨가루 0.5교환 (4g) 식용유/첨가물 1작은스푼 (5g) 단근조림/깻잎제비나물 조리용	1.5 식용유 1작은스푼 (7.5g) 마늘쫑볶음/동태전 조리용
우유군	2	우유 1교환 (1컵, 200cc) 우유 1교환 (1컵, 200cc)		
과일군	2	식사시간 사이 간식으로 드세요 사과 1교환 (1/3컵, 80g) 딸기 1교환 (150g)		

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